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A COUMARIN FROM THE ROOTS OF Ferula nevskii

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From the total extractive substances of the roots of  $\mathit{Ferula}\ \mathit{nevskii}\$ by preparative separation on Silufol UV-254 plates (chloroform system) we have isolated a terpenoid coumarin with the composition  $C_{24}H_{30}O_{5}$  (I), M<sup>+</sup> with m/e 398, mp 180-181°C (ethanol),  $R_{f}$  0.09, not previously described in the literature, which we have called nevskone.

The IR spectrum of (I) has absorption bands at (cm<sup>-1</sup>) 3510, 3470 (hydroxy group), 1720 (CO of a ketone in a six-membered ring), 1705 (CO of an  $\alpha$ -pyrone), 1613, 1560, and 1510 (C=C of a coumarin system).

The NMR spectrum of nevskone (Varian JNM-4H 100/100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 0 - TMS,  $\delta$  scale) contains the signals of protons at 1.09 and 1.11 ppm (CH<sub>3</sub>-C-CH<sub>3</sub>, 3 H each, singlets), 1.22

 $J_{\text{vic}} = 3.0 \text{ Hz}$ ).

The signals of the protons of the coumarin system (5 H) resonate in the 6.20-7.70-ppm region. According to its composition and spectral characteristics, compound (I) is a new natural ketone of nevskin [1, 2]. The oxidation of nevskin formed nevskone. On the basis of the facts given, the following structure is suggested for the coumarin nevskone:

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